NAME:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Greek Festival of Knowledge

Fill in the blank from the following words. Each word is only used once. Some words may not be used. (2 pts each)

City Dionysia theatron catharsis thymele

Hamartia climax Aristotle inciting incident

1. In the Greek amphitheatre the audience sat in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ came up with the plot structure.
3. The altar in the middle of the Greek stage was called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. The most important theatre festival of the year was called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the purging or cleansing of emotion at the end of a tragedy.

True or False Circle the correct answer. (2 pts each)

1. TRUE / FALSE A tragic hero has to be noble or royal.
2. TRUE / FALSE The inciting incident starts the action of a story in motion.
3. TRUE / FALSE Hubris is NOT an example of a tragic flaw.
4. TRUE / FALSE Exposition is the ending of the story that ties up all the loose ends.

Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences. (5 pts each).

1. What is *deus ex machina*?
2. Explain what a myth is and why they were important to the Greeks.